

RECOMMENDED GUIDELINES FOR A HORSE

Depending on your horse's unique risk profile, you should consider these four examples to tailor your horse's ID. For a customized approach, work with your veterinarian to complete a Parasite Risk Assessment, including the following steps:

- STEP 1 Establish baseline egg counts
- STEP 2 Measure shedding levels
- STEP 3 Know the variables
- STEP 4 Determine your horse's ID



		LOW RISK <200 epg**	MEDIUM RISK 200-500 epg	MEDIUM/HIGH RISK 200-500 epg	HIGH RISK >500 epg
WINTER	DECEMBER				ANTHELICIDE® EQ OR STRONGID® PASTE**
	JANUARY			STRONGID® C OR C 2X***	
SPRING	FEBRUARY	SOUTHERN CLIMATES	SOUTHERN		SOUTHERN
	MARCH	QUEST® OR QUEST® PLUS	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS†
	APRIL	NORTHERN CLIMATES	NORTHERN		NORTHERN
	MAY				
SUMMER	JUNE		ANTHELICIDE EQ OR STRONGID PASTE*	STRONGID C OR C 2X***	ANTHELICIDE EQ OR STRONGID PASTE*
	JULY				
	AUGUST				
FALL	SEPTEMBER	NORTHERN	NORTHERN	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS	NORTHERN
	OCTOBER	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS	STRONGID C OR C 2X***	QUEST OR QUEST PLUS
	NOVEMBER	SOUTHERN	SOUTHERN		SOUTHERN

Every situation is different, work with your veterinarian to determine appropriate seasonality and duration for all deworming products. Administer QUEST/QUEST PLUS after the first thaw and first hard frost.

* Summer deworming in medium risk horses as determined by a Fecal Egg Test
 ** Summer and winter deworming in high risk horses as determined by a Fecal Egg Test
 *** Consult your veterinarian to help determine the timing and length of use for Strongid C or C2X
 † In the Spring Quest or Quest Plus can be substituted for Anthelcide EQ or Strongid Paste

Extreme caution should be used when administering QUEST or QUEST PLUS to foals, young and miniature horses, as overdosage may result in serious adverse reactions. Do not use in sick, debilitated or underweight animals. These products should not be used in other animal species, as severe adverse reactions, including fatalities in dogs, may result.

